

PRACTICE QUESTIONS

UiPath Certified Professional Agentic Automation Professional

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EDITION	Free Set 1
QUESTIONS	10
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EXAM	UiPath Certified Professional Agentic Automation Professional

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10 practice questions for the UiPath Certified Professional Agentic Automation Professional exam, each followed by its answer and a short explanation. More free sets and the full practice exam:

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1. An agent is given the goal of resolving a refund request. Which element decides which action to take next during a run?
- A The Orchestrator queue item that carried the request
 - B The model's reasoning loop
 - C The robot's machine template
 - D The Action Center task form that a human reviewer completes after each step

Answer: B

In an agent, the language model reasons over the goal, the observations so far, and the tool results, then picks the next action on each pass of the loop. Queue items carry work into a process but do not make decisions during a run. The queue item is the tempting distractor because it is the input that starts the work.

2. In the reason-act pattern, the agent alternates between reasoning and acting, and the result of each action becomes an _____ that informs the next step.

Answer: observation

The loop runs reason, act, then observe, and the returned result of each action is the observation. Feeding observations back into context is what lets the agent correct course mid-run. The word output is a tempting alternative, but it describes the run's final product rather than per-step feedback.

3. Which practice most improves an agent's instructions for a multi-step task?
- A Writing one long, unstructured paragraph that covers everything at once
 - B Listing every possible answer the agent might ever give
 - C Stating the goal, allowed actions, stop conditions, and output format
 - D Repeating the word important throughout the text

Answer: C

Clear instructions state the objective, the actions the agent may take, when it should stop, and what the output should look like. Those elements reduce drift and make results checkable against the goal. The unstructured paragraph is the tempting distractor, because it looks thorough even though it is harder to follow.

4. An agent's tool description can influence whether the language model chooses to call that tool.
- A True
 - B False

Answer: A (True)

The model reads each tool's name and description when it decides which action to take, so a clear description directly affects selection. Vague or overlapping descriptions often lead to the wrong tool being called. The tempting belief is that descriptions are only developer documentation.

5. Which two elements are commonly managed by an orchestrated process? (Choose two.)
- A The training data used by the language model
 - B The compiler version used for each tool
 - C Queue items and their processing status
 - D Routing decisions and exception handling between steps
 - E The operating system patches on every robot machine

Answer: C, D

Orchestrated processes move work items through queues and track their status, and they route cases and handle exceptions between steps. Training data, compiler versions, and operating system patches are not part of process control. The operating system patches are the tempting distractor because robot machines do need patching, but that is infrastructure maintenance rather than process control.

6. A knowledge source is updated monthly, but the agent keeps quoting last month's pricing. What is the most likely cause?
- A The knowledge index was never refreshed
 - B The language model is too large for the task
 - C The agent has too many tools attached
 - D The temperature is set above zero

Answer: A

A retrieval index reflects only the documents it was built from, so changed sources must be re-indexed before answers update. Model size and tool count do not explain stale content from a retrieval source. Temperature is the tempting distractor because it affects wording variation, but it has no effect on the age of the data.

7. Which kind of tool carries the highest risk and most often needs an approval checkpoint?

- A A tool that reads a public FAQ page
- B A tool that updates business records
- C A tool that formats a date string
- D A tool that counts the words in a draft

Answer: B

Tools that write, update, or delete data change state in other systems, so a mistake can be costly and hard to reverse. Reading public content, formatting text, and counting words are low-impact and usually run without a checkpoint. The FAQ reader is the tempting distractor because it touches external content, but it changes nothing.

8. In agentic process orchestration, a process model coordinates agents, robots, and _____ steps within one governed flow.

Answer: human (also accepted: human task)

Orchestration coordinates automated and human steps in one flow, so a process can route work between agents, robots, and people. Batch is a tempting alternative, but it describes timing rather than who performs a step. The blank is the human side of the flow.

9. Why should a review task include the context a reviewer needs, such as the source document and the agent's proposed action?

- A So reviewers can see which model version the agent runs on
- B So the agent can read the reviewer's preferences
- C So reviewers can decide quickly and correctly
- D So the task can be handed to a robot instead of a person

Answer: C

Reviewers decide better and faster when the source material and the proposed action appear together, which reduces rework and errors. Model version details, reading preferences, and handing the decision to a robot are not purposes of review context. Robot reassignment is the tempting distractor, but it would remove the human from a decision that needs one.

10. What should happen when a reviewer rejects an agent's proposed action?

- A The agent should retry the same action until the reviewer accepts it
- B The case should be deleted from every system
- C The next agent run should override the rejection automatically
- D The reason should be recorded and the case routed onward

Answer: D

A rejection should be recorded with its reason and routed to a defined path, such as a revised attempt or closure, so the decision stays auditable. Repeating the action ignores the human decision, and overriding or deleting it removes accountability. The retry option is the tempting distractor, since it looks persistent, but it disregards the reviewer.